

Good Governance to Promote ESC

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BRIEF ON UCLG ASPAC

“Who We are”



- UCLG is worldwide association of local governments that dates back 1913
- The only local government organization recognized by UN
- Represents and defends local governments' interests on the world stage
- United Cities and Local Governments Asia Pacific (UCLG ASPAC) is the biggest among the eight UCLG regional sections



- UCLG ASPAC is the biggest among the eight UCLG regional sections
- Represents over 3.76 billion people (more than half of the world population)
- Incorporates economically fast developing countries such as China, India, Indonesia
- UCLG ASPAC Secretariat is based in Jakarta, Indonesia, where its regional office located and has four sub-regional offices in New Delhi, Bangkok, Melbourne and Guangzhou

BRIEF ON UCLG ASPAC

“What We do”

- Play a role as the key knowledge management hub on local governments' issues
- Unite voices and advocate democratic local self-governments and promote cooperation between governments and international communities
- Carry out broad activities to serve the members
 - Capacity development & advocacy
 - Information & communication
 - Organizational development & external funded projects



UCLG ASPAC Contribution to promote Environmentally Sustainable Cities

- DELGOSEA



- Global Task Forces of Local and Regional Governments for Post 2015 Development Agenda
- Zero Waste

Improving Governance through DELGOSEA

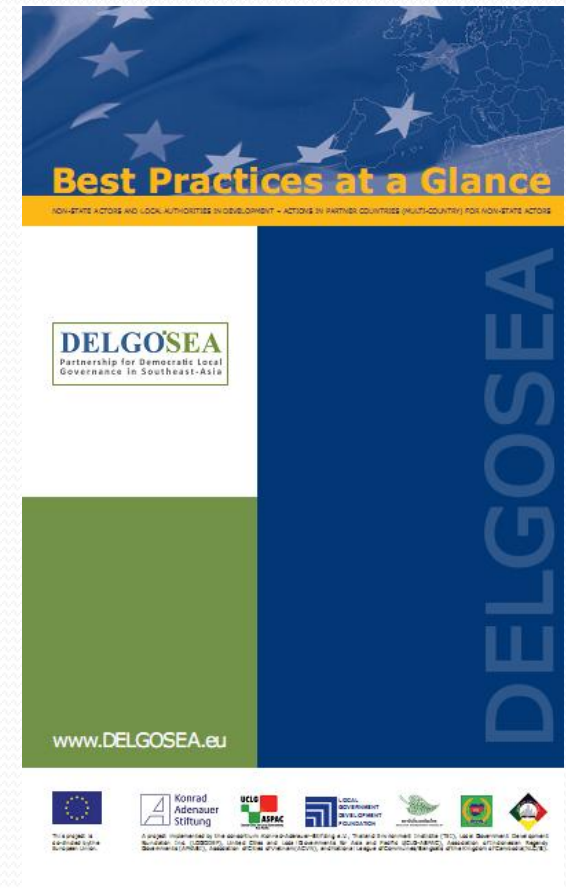
- DELGOSEA is a network of Local Government Associations (LGAs), local authorities, non-government organizations, academic institutions and national governments who deal with local authority affairs in ASEAN countries
- DELGOSEA promoted :
 - Transnational exchange of sustainable good governance practices
 - Peer-to-peer learning
 - Networking and cooperation amongst local governments
- Four main areas:
 - **people's participation in planning and decision-making;**
 - **institutional governance;**
 - **urban environment; and**
 - **fiscal management and investment promotion strategies.**
- 1st Phase of DELGOSEA had been launched on March 2010 and finished on October 2012 with the funding from EU. The 2nd Phase of DELGOSEA has started on November 2012 until now.





Improving Governance through DELGOSEA

- 16 Good Governance Practices has been selected, transferred and replicated in five focused countries : Cambodia, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam. More than 40 BPs (Best Practices) have been collected.
- DELGOSEA's Good Practices are: 1) workable, result-oriented and sustainable good governance approaches, and 2) frameworks and methodologies applied by local governments in order to better public services' effectiveness and efficiencies
- DELGOSEA members :
 - Standing Committee : 14 (9 LGAs, 5 NGOs)
 - National Government representatives as the advisory of the network
 - Partners : 2000 organizations



Best Practices of DELGOSEA

Thematic Area	BP Theme/ Title	Country of Origin	Name of LG/Municipality	Replicated by
Theme 1: Peoples' Participation in Planning and Decision Making	Decentralized and Community-led Policy-Making	Thailand	Khonkaen City	
Theme 1: Peoples' Participation in Planning and Decision Making	Community Participation in Upgrading the Old Collective Housing Areas	Vietnam	Vinh City	
Theme 1: Peoples' Participation in Planning and Decision Making	People-Private-Public Partnership (PPPP) to Improve Local Infrastructure	Cambodia	Toul Sangke Sangkat/Commune	Bacolod City(Philippines)

Theme 2: Institutional Governance	E-Government as the Breakthrough to Enhance Government Performance and Services	Indonesia	Yogyakarta City	1. Songkhla City (Thailand) 2. Tra Vinh City (Vietnam)
Theme 2: Institutional Governance	Cooperation between Local Governments to Address Shared Needs	Indonesia	Kartamantul	Chiang Rai City (Thailand)
Theme 2: Institutional Governance	Governance through Partnership Between the Municipality and the Community	Thailand	Prik Municipality	
Theme 2: Institutional Governance	Participatory Urban Planning	Philippines	Guimaras Province	
Theme 2: Institutional Governance	Public Institutional Innovation	Vietnam	Lang Son City	Yala City (Thailand)
Theme 2: Institutional Governance	One Window Service Office for the Delivery of Public Services	Cambodia	Battambang Municipality	

Theme 3: Inclusive Urban Public Services	Constructed Wetland for Municipal Wastewater Treatment	Thailand	Udonthani City	One Pangasinan Alliance of Local Government Units (Philippines)
Theme 3: Inclusive Urban Public Services	Low Carbon City	Thailand	Muangklang Town	Wakatobi (Indonesia)
Theme 3: Inclusive Urban Public Services	Marikina Eco Savers Project	Philippines	Marikina City	1. Kampot (Cambodia) 2. Kupang (Indonesia) 3. Tarakan (Indonesia) 4. Vinh City (Vietnam)
Theme 3: Inclusive Urban Public Services	Olongapo City Disaster Coordinating Council	Philippines	Olongapo City	

Theme 4: Fiscal Management and Investment Planning	Humane Relocation and Empowerment of Street Vendors	Indonesia	Solo City	1. Choam Chao (Cambodia) 2. Pakkred Municipality (Thailand)
Theme 4: Fiscal Management and Investment Planning	Preserving Old Town Architecture and Reviving Traditions as Tourist Attraction and Economic Driver	Thailand	Phuket City	1. Misamis Oriental (Philippines) 2. Danang City (Vietnam)
Theme 4: Fiscal Management and Investment Planning	Tubigon Mariculture Project	Philippines	Tubigon Municipality	Pangkal Pinang (Indonesia)

Global Task Force of Local and Regional Governments for Post 2015 Development Agenda

- UCLG World established global task force together with other international organizations dealing with local authorities
- Works to build the Rio+20 outcome document that recognizes local and authorities as key partners, as contribution to the High Level Panel discussions and engaging on the ongoing intergovernmental process



Global Task Force of Local and Regional Governments for Post 2015 Development Agenda

- Promote people-centered as the new development agenda in several key areas such as :
 - Protection and sustainable management of the environment biodiversity and natural resources
 - Local government development cooperation (decentralized cooperation) as instrument to promote solidarity and peer learning
 - Sustainable Urbanization as source of development
 - Quality Universal Basic Service Provision geared towards reducing inequalities and improving the lives of slum dwellers, including a sensitive gender approach
 - Democratic self - governing, participative, efficient, accountable and resourced Local & Regional Government

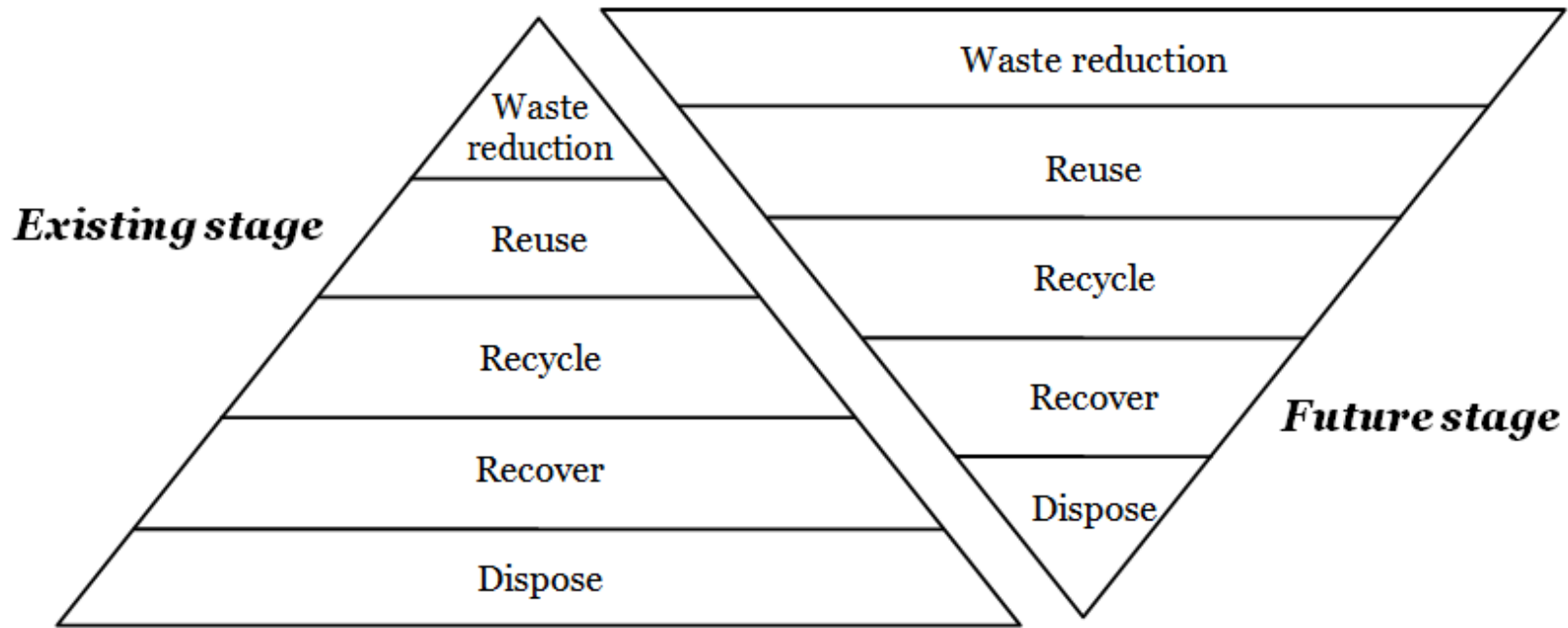
Zero waste

- Conducted in Bandung with the support from the Mayor
- Waste has always been a critical problem for cities/municipalities particularly in terms of collection and disposal services
- Local governments has limited resources in solid waste management



Zero waste

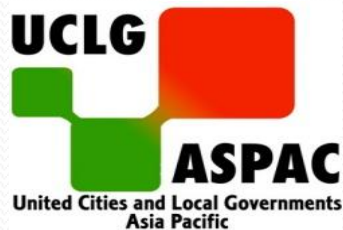
- Objective : To generate recycling and to change the behaviour of public in solid waste management
- 4Rs → Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Recover



Conclusion & The Way Forward

- Good local governance can contribute to promote environmentally sustainable cities
- LGs shall be involved in the process to build environmentally sustainable cities and their roles and functions also shall be strengthened to be able to deal with global challenges
- UCLG ASPAC is keen to facilitate local governments' networking and cooperation in ASEAN through DELGOSEA aiming to promote peer-to-peer learning of good local development in environment
- UCLG ASPAC can be the knowledge hub of local governments in environmentally sustainable cities

Thank You



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